#### **Recent cm-wave observations**

Anita Richards, JBCA, Manchester Decin, Etoka, Harper, Kervella, Lim, Garrington, Gray, McDonald, O'Gorman, Wittkowski et al.

> Some VLA highlights O'Gorman et al. 2015 E-MERLIN 2012-2015 (and a correction)



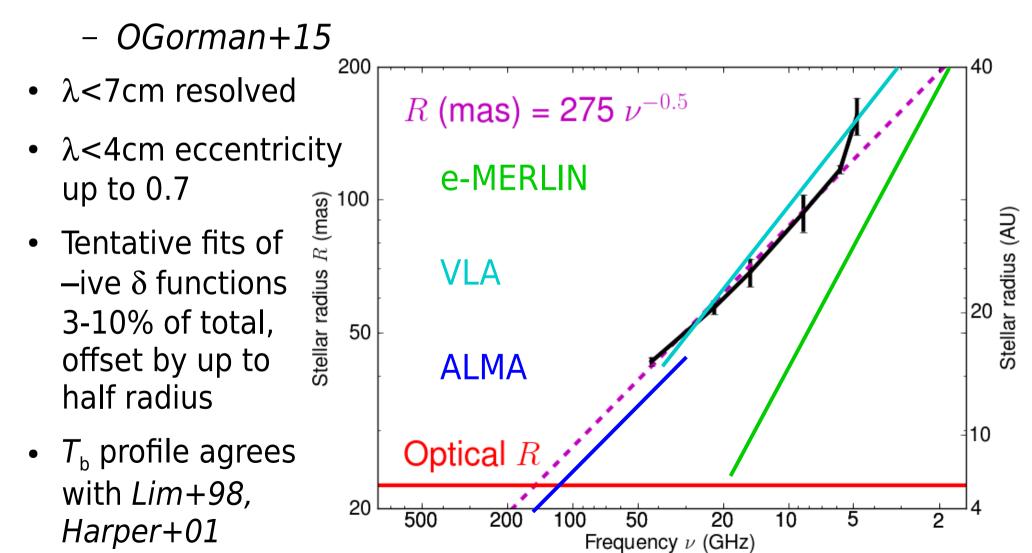


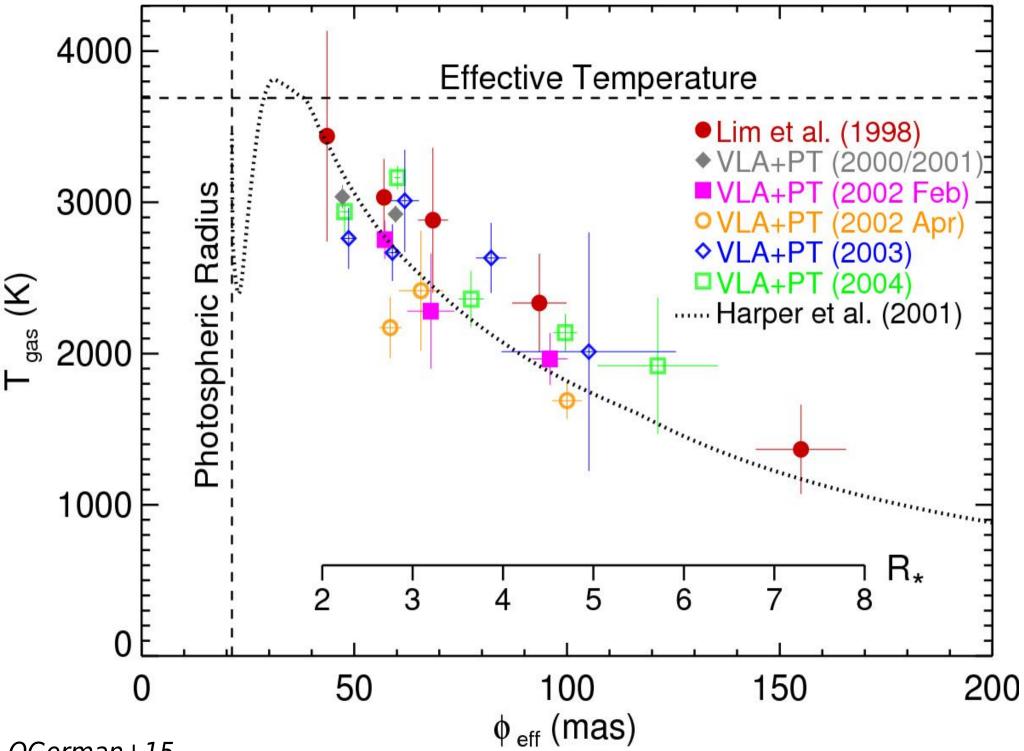
**EUROPEAN ARC** ALMA Regional Centre || UK



#### VLA+Pie Town monitoring

• 2000 - 2004,  $\lambda$  0.7 - 20.5 cm, resolution 0".04-1".2



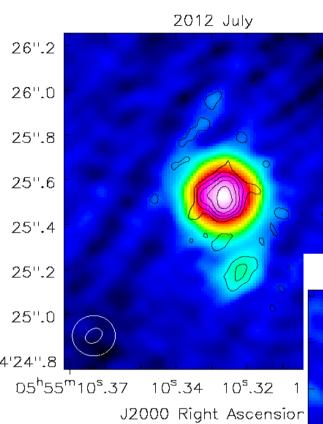


OGorman+15

## e-MERLIN at 5.75 GHz (5.2 cm)

- 2012 July, 2015 March, June
  - ~8 hr useful per epoch
  - 400 MHz effective b/w
    - 15-20 mas astrometry
      - Few mas relative accuracy
    - rms 15-20 μJy/bm
    - 10% flux scale accuracy
  - Re-reduced 2012 data with correct Cm axis offset
    - Richards+13 incorrect
- Image at 180-mas resolution
  - Measure whole star
    - Radius ~4.4  $R_{*}$
- Image at 78x57 mas<sup>2</sup>
  - Subtract peak, measure residuals

	2012	2015	2015
	Jul	Mar	Jun
Tot. flux (mJy)	2.78	2.39	2.35
Area	204 x	212 x	201 x
(mas <sup>2</sup> )	195	198	189
Т <sub>ь</sub> (К)	2650	2120	2300
	(310)	(225)	(230)
Resid. min (mJy/bm)	-0.15	-0.25	-0.12
Resid. max (mJy/bm)	0.23	0.21	0.17



#### 78x57 mas<sup>2</sup> contours (-1,1,2,4... x50 µJy/bm) over 180-mas resolution disc

# e-MERLIN

2.2

2

1.8

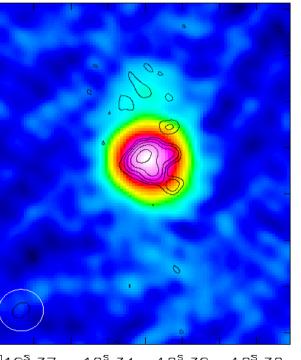
1.6

1.4

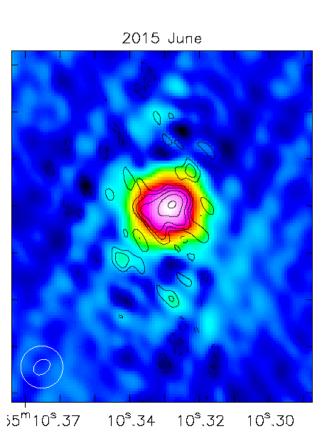
1.2

2015 March

- Proper motions broadly consistent with *Harper+06* (25, 10 mas/yr) .... but
  - 35-mas Dec discrepancy in 2015
    - Changing hot spot positions
    - Phase transfer errors



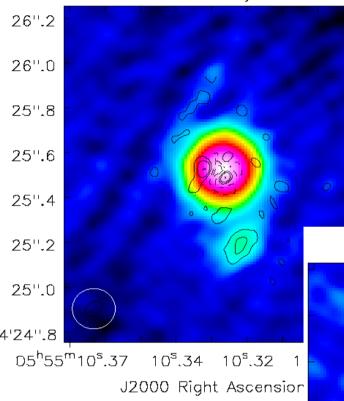
5<sup>m</sup>10<sup>s</sup>.37 10<sup>s</sup>.34 10<sup>s</sup>.32 10<sup>s</sup>.30 J2000 Right Ascension



1.8 1.6 1.4 Jy/beam) 0.8 × 0 0.6 0.4 0.2 0

### Residual hot/cold spots

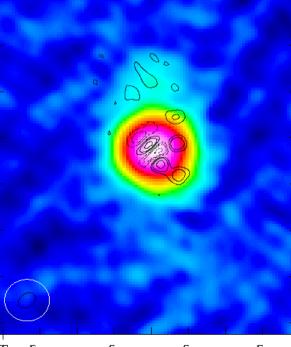




**Residual contours** (-1,1,2,4... x50 µJy/bm) over 180-mas resolution disc

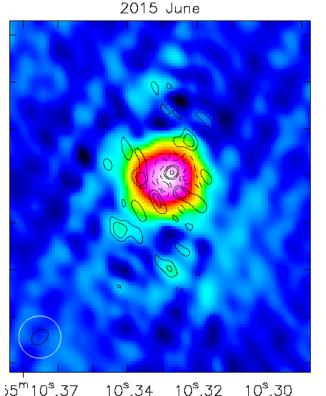
2 1.8 1.6 1.4 1.2

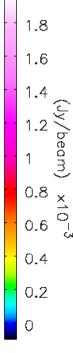
2015 March



5<sup>m</sup>10<sup>s</sup>.37 10<sup>5</sup>.34 10<sup>5</sup>.32 10<sup>5</sup>.30 J2000 Right Ascension

- 2.2 Subtract high-resolution Gaussian
  - ~7 residuals >6 $\sigma$  within disc
    - Up to ±~10% flux density
    - Location errors  $\geq$  (10, 15) mas
    - Unresolved
      - Maybe clustered smaller comps





## Hotspots believable?

- uv coverage similar all 3 epochs
  - Noise distribution Gaussian
- Subtracted CC from calibrated data
  - Added Gaussian model full stellar disc
    - Imaged, recovered similar
  - Added collection of  $\delta$  functions
    - Recovered beam-size residuals
  - Added CC to 2015A from 2015B
- Flux scale errors
  - Attenuator setting issues in 2012
- Phase/amp referencing errors
  - Low elevation atmosphere
  - Attenuator and delay jumps, chunking 7°24'25".3
- Excess random errors, not major artefacts

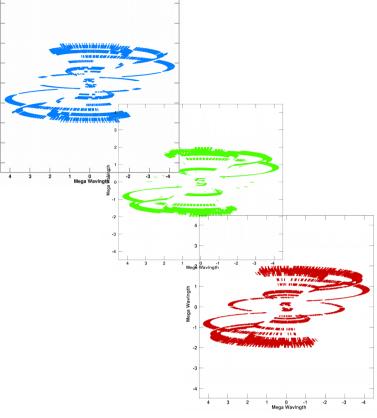
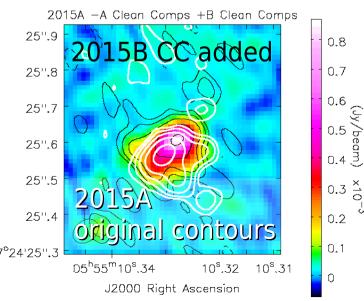


Image looks like 2015B

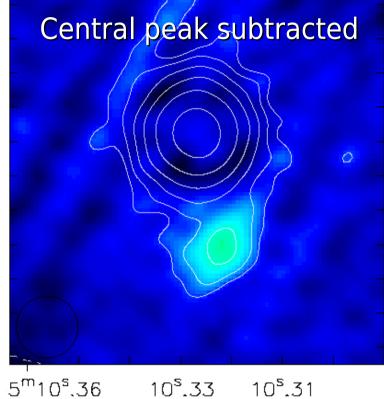
2000 Declination



## SW blob

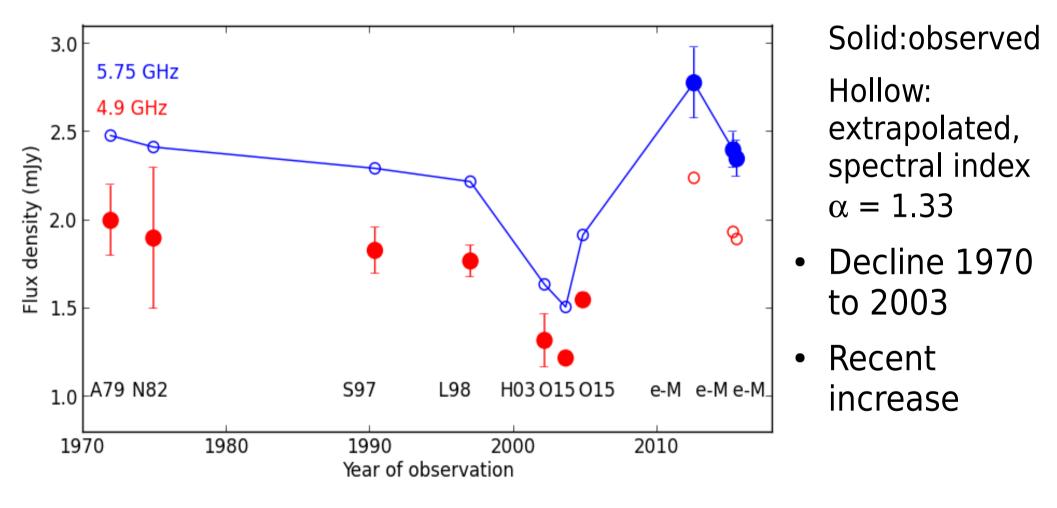
- SW residual after subtracting Gaussian
  - Centre 0".35 ( $15R_*$ ) from star
    - Total flux density 190  $\mu Jy$  in 0.063 asec²
    - Blob  $T_{\rm B}$  125±40K
  - Approximately spherical?
    - Radius 125 mas ~25 au
- n<sub>H</sub>~16x10<sup>12</sup> m<sup>-3</sup>, n<sub>e</sub>~15x10<sup>9</sup> m<sup>-3</sup>, T<sub>e</sub>~525 K (Harper+2001)
  - Implies  $\tau \sim 0.0025$
  - H mass ~2.2x10  $^{\text{-6}}$  M  $_{\odot}$ 
    - One such clump ejected every couple of years?
  - BUT not seen properly in 2015
    - However, noisier data





J2000 Right Ascension

#### Long-term variability at $\lambda$ 5-6cm



 Altenhoff+79 (Efflesburg), Newell+82, Skinner+97, Lim+98 (all VLA), Harper+03, O'Gorman+15 (VLA+Pie Town), e-MERLIN

### Radio variability

- ~25% variability in months at  $\lambda > 1$ cm
  - More stable at 0.7 cm *Drake*+'92, *OGorman*+'15
- No obvious correlation between  $\lambda$  or with  $R_*$ 
  - Too rapid for global pulsation/mass loss effects?
- Chemistry/ionisation threshold changes? Harper & Linsky 2001
- Observed 1.3-cm surface  $\sim 1.5-2.5 R_*$  (predicted 1.8 $R_*$ )
  - Variability correlates w. V-band (400-d period) OGorman+'15
    - Pulsation shocks strongly damped within 2  $R_*$
  - Heating > increased radiation field
    - Rapid recombination and photo-ionisation of metals
    - Ionising radiation shines through to 5-cm layer?
      - But not back to optically thicker 0.7-mm layer?

#### Starspots

- $\lambda$  5.2 cm radius ~100 mas
  - $\sim 4.5 \times \text{optical } R_*$ 
    - Optical: 1-3 compact spots, 1989-1997 (*Tuthill*+97)
- Same origin, expanding in more extended layers?
- Actual size 5-cm spots unclear,  $\leq$ 60 mas, maybe  $\ll$
- Probably  $\leq 10\% T_{\rm b}$  fluctuations
- Appearance changes in months
  - Heating/cooling, imaging distortion
    - Not measurable proper motion
- Convection? Up/down draughts?
- You tell me!!???

