

THE FIRST SPECTRAL SURVEY OF BETELGEUSE 1 AND 3 MM

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Table 1: Parameters for Emission Lines in Betelgeuse in 3 mm

ν_{obs} Mhz	ν_{lab} Mhz	Molecule	Transition	$E_{u/k}$ K	v_{LSR} $km.s^{-1}$	ΔV_{FWHM} $km.s^{-1}$	$\int T_A \cdot dV$ $K km.s^{-1}$
81450		U	U	U	U	12	0.3
84559		U	U	U	U	3.5	0.03
85847		U	U	U	U	2	0.02
86242.17	86243	SiO	2 - 1	6.25	6.89	5.3	0.17
88635	88631.42	HCN	1 - 0	4.25	5.85	26.6	0.53
89809		U	U	U	U	13	0.08
93862		U	U	U	U	5	0.28
110201.31	110201.35	^{13}CO	1 - 0	5.29	4.12	33	1.75
111946		U	U	U	U	22	0.35
115721.34	115271.20	CO	1 - 0	5.53	3.63	17	4.59

Table 2: Parameters for Emission Lines in Betelgeuse in 1 mm

ν_{obs} Mhz	ν_{lab} Mhz	Molecule	Transition	$E_{u/k}$ K	v_{LSR} $km.s^{-1}$	ΔV_{FWHM} $km.s^{-1}$	$\int T_A \cdot dV$ $K km.s^{-1}$
205922	U	U	U	U	U	2.726	0.055
208562	230538.00	CO	2 - 1	16.60	4.20	25	1.05
208661	U	U	U	U	U	25.5	0.97
215580	U	U	U	U	U	7	0.35
217103.74	217104.92	SiO	5 - 4	31.3	5.63	16	0.59
219948	219949.44	SO	5 - 4	34.99	4.8197	3	0.05
220398.74	220398.68	^{13}CO	2 - 1	15.9	3.9249	28	6.16
226281.63	226287.41	CN	2 - 1	16.31	11.66	6	0.07
226341.17	226341.93	CN	2 - 1	16.31	5.00	14	0.18
226617.41	226616.55	CN	2 - 1	16.31	2.8618	2	0.03
226893.93	226892.13	CN	2 - 1	16.34	1.6225	8	0.14
230538.33	230538	CO	2 - 1	16.6	3.5709	31	49.6
232020	U	U	U	U	U	29	1.16
235153.48	235151.71	SO_2	4 - 3	19.03	1.75	2	0.04
235161.15	235159.59	SO_2	88 - 89	4564.96	3.25	2	0.04
252970	230538.00	CO	2 - 1	16.60	3.98	29	0.87
253064	U	U	U	U	U	31	0.68
255950	255958	SO_2	3 - 2	27.62	13.15	4	0.07
260516.88	260518.02	SiO	6 - 5	43.76	5.3162	22	1.32
265886.49	265886.19	HCN	3 - 2	25.52	3.6587	28	2.52

DETECTED MOLECULES AT 1.3 AND 3 MM

observations : IRAM 30M, EMIR/FTS200

30 lines detected :
⇒ 7 different molecules

determined

⇒ 11 lines not identified

⇒ 1 molecule sensitive to
magnetic field CN

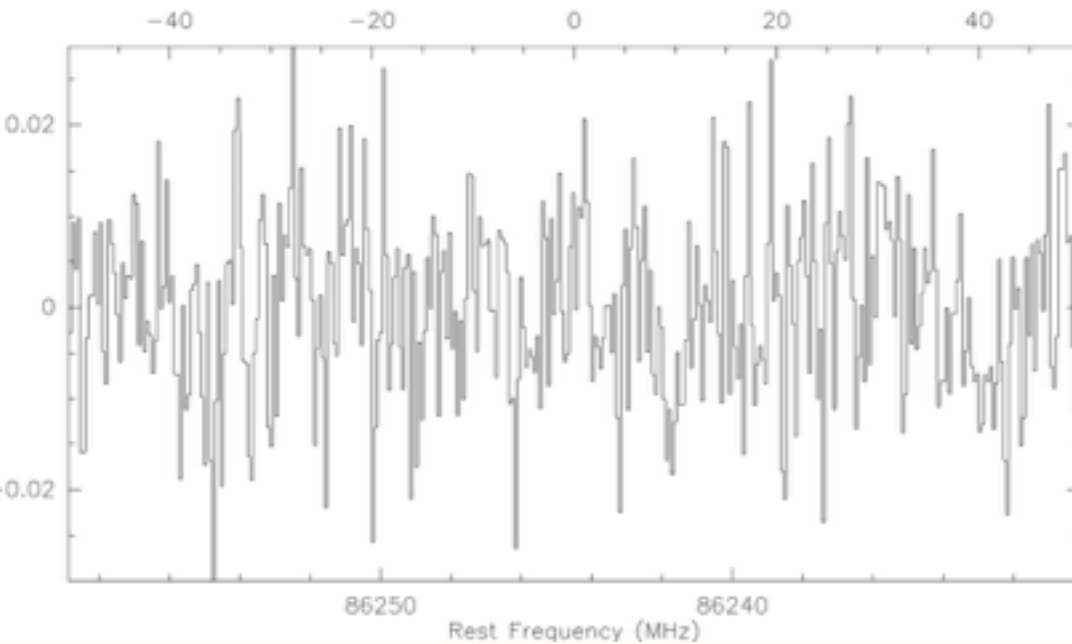
2 types of line profil :

⇒ gaussian

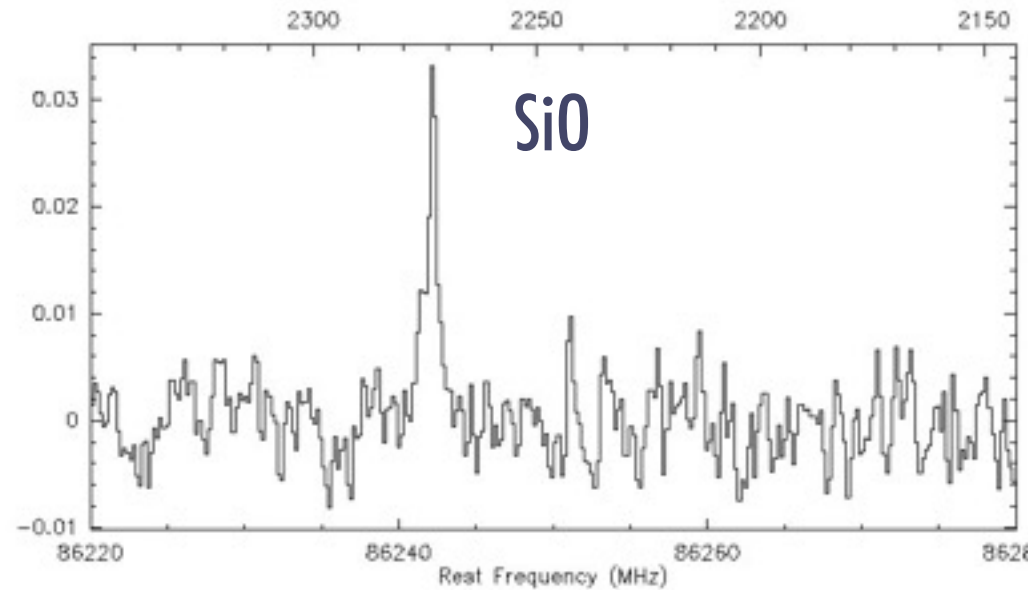
⇒ simple and double horns

SiO DETECTION

1;3 BETELGEUSE SiO(V1) 30MEO-LI-V01 O:11-JUN-2014 R:03-MAR-2016
RA: 05:55:10.30 DEC: 07:24:25.4 Eq 2000.0 Rad. 0.0° Offs: +0.0 +0.0
Unknown tau: 0.084 Tsys: 134. Time: 1.18E+02min El: 0.0
N: 1349 IO: 672.002 VO: 4.000 Dv: -0.2716 LSR
FO: 86243.3500 Df: 7.8125E-02 Fi: 98742.3507



1;1 BETELGEUSE Unknown 30MEO----FO- 0:08-MAR-2015 R:19-MAY-2015
RA: 05:55:10.30 DEC: 07:24:25.4 Eq 2000.0 Rad. 0.0° Offs: +0.0 +0.0
Unknown tau: 0.025 Tsys: 102. Time: 1.83E+03min El: 0.0
N: 176015 IO: 28058.5 VO: 4.000 Dv: -0.6739 LSR
FO: 86900.0000 Df: 0.1953 Fi: 99401.9807

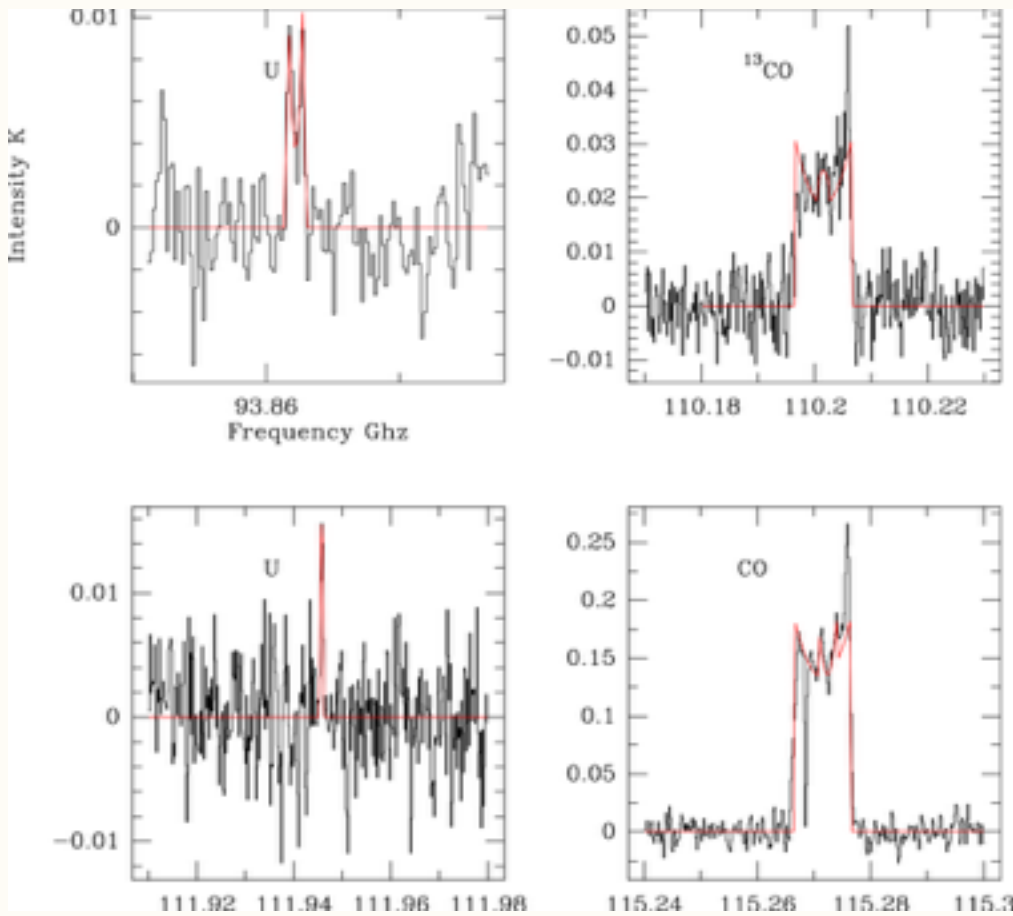


SiO detected (thermal or maser ?) but not in 2014 \Rightarrow Changing physical conditions in times

SIMPLE AND DOUBLE HORNS LINE PROFIL

horns line profile \Rightarrow estimate of the expansion velocity for the molecular shell

double horns = 2 shells of same molecule with various velocity



3 mm

black = observation red = fit

Fit parameters for 3 mm simple horn

molecule	position	V_{exp}
U	93862.0	2.28
U	111945.74	1.37

Fit parameters for 3mm double horn

molecule	position Mhz	V_{exp} km.s ⁻¹
¹³ CO	110201.5	17.25
	110201.5	3.45
CO	115271.5	17.25
	115271.5	5.71

RADEX MODEL

modelling parameters : density column $N(H_2)=7.10^{21}$ cm^{-2} , radial velocity $v_{lsr} = 4.0$ $km.s^{-1}$, temperature $T_{ex} = 130$ K

Species	N(Sp) cm^{-2}	abundance $/H_2$	FWHM $km.s^{-1}$	rms mK	abundance observed	
					O-Rich	Supergiant
CN	$6.0 \cdot 10^{14}$	$8.0 \cdot 10^{-9}$	3	3		$2.0 \cdot 10^{-8}$
CO	$5.5 \cdot 10^{16}$	$7.33 \cdot 10^{-6}$	14	5		$6.0 \cdot 10^{-5}$
^{13}CO	$9.5 \cdot 10^{15}$	$1.27 \cdot 10^{-6}$	15	5		
HCN	$4.0 \cdot 10^{13}$	$5.33 \cdot 10^{-9}$	16	5		$2.0 \cdot 10^{-6}$
SiO	$1.0 \cdot 10^{14}$	$1.33 \cdot 10^{-8}$	13	3		
^{29}SiO	$3.5 \cdot 10^{13}$	$4.67 \cdot 10^{-9}$	5	5		
SO	$1.5 \cdot 10^{13}$	$2.0 \cdot 10^{-8}$	2	3		
SO_2	$5.25 \cdot 10^{13}$	$7.0 \cdot 10^{-9}$	2	3		

CN : L.m Ziurys et al. 2009 (étoile VY CMa, model ETL)

CO et HCN : L.m Ziurys et al. 2009 (stars average NML Cyr et VY CMa, model ETL)

RATIO MOLECULE/ISOTOPE

molecules	ratio	ratio observed	mean value ration
$^{12}\text{CO}/^{13}\text{CO}$	5.77	2 to 100 Ramsted & Olosson (2014)	60 Royer et al. (2010, VYCM α)
$^{28}\text{SiO}/^{29}\text{SiO}$	2.85	9 to 29	
SO/SO_2	2.85		

⇒ molecular abundances are lower than in other star

⇒ ratio molecule/ isotope not typical