# Supergiants and AGB stars at high angular resolution

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photo: S. Guisard

## **RSGs and AGBs**

- Red supergiants and asymptotic giant branch stars experience intense mass loss
- Extraction of material from the star, formation of molecules and dust are complex
- High angular resolution techniques now resolve the key spatial scales for nearby stars
- Examples of recent results on Betelgeuse and L<sub>2</sub> Pup (+ see other presentations !)







#### VISIR (2011) 8 - 20 µm

Kervella et al. 2011, A&A, 531, A117

# L2 Puppis

- M5III, SRa (Mira-like) star with P=141d
- Mass : from 0.7 Msun (Lykou et al. 2015) up to 2 Msun (Kervella et al. 2014)
- Suspected binary star from Hipparcos astrometric wobble)
- Second nearest AGB star (64 ± 4 pc, mv~5) after R Doradus (~55 pc)
- Long term, slow dimming event ongoing since 15 years (Bedding et al. 2002)



#### 0.65 µm (SPHERE/ZIMPOL)



### Degree of linear polarization





### L2 Pup evolution

#### 2015-12-19



How does the AGB wind interact with the disk ?

- How do the streamers form ?
- What is the nature of the companion ? Is it real ?